# AHADE ONTHEED SHEXHES OF EXMIETRICS

TO ALL TO WHOM THESE PRESENTS SHALL COME;

# The Texas Agricultural Experiment Station

COLLICERS, THERE HAS BEEN PRESENTED TO THE

#### Secretary of Agriculture

AN APPLICATION REQUESTING A CERTIFICATE OF PROTECTION FOR AN ALLEGED NOVEL VARIETY OF SEXUALLY REPRODUCED PLANT, THE NAME AND DESCRIPTION OF WHICH ARE CONTAINED IN THE APPLICATION AND EXHIBITS, A COPY OF WHICH IS HEREUNTO ANNEXED AND MADE A PART HEREOF, AND THE VARIOUS REQUIREMENTS OF LAW IN SUCH CASES MADE AND PROVIDED HAVE BEEN COMPLIED WITH, AND THE TITLE THERETO IS, FROM THE RECORDS OF THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION OFFICE, IN THE APPLICANT(S) INDICATED IN THE SAID COPY, AND WHEREAS, UPON DUE EXAMINATION MADE, THE SAID APPLICANT(S) IS (ARE) ADJUDGED TO BE ENTITLED TO A CERTIFICATE OF PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION UNDER THE LAW.

NOW, therefore, this certificate of plant variety protection is to grant UNTO THE SAID APPLICANT(S) AND THE SUCCESSORS, HEIRS OR ASSIGNS OF THE SAID APPLI-CANT(S) FOR THE TERM OF ACUENTEEN YEARS FROM THE DATE OF THIS GRANT, SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF THE REQUIRED FEES AND PERIODIC REPLENISHMENT OF VIABLE BASIC SEED OF THE VARIETY IN A PUBLIC REPOSITORY AS PROVIDED BY LAWATHE RIGHT TO EX-CLUDE OTHERS FROM SELLING THE VARIETY, OR OFFERING IT FOR SALE, OR REPRODUCING IT. OR IMPORTING IT, OR EXPORTING IT, OR USING IT IN PRODUCING A HYBRID OR DIFFERENT. RIETY THEREFROM TO THE EXTENT PROVIDED BY THE PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION ACT. HE UNITED STATES SEED OF THIS VARIETY (1) SHALL BE SOLD BY VARIETY NAME ONLY AS SS OF CERTIFIED SEED AND (2) SHALL CONFORM TO THE NUMBER OF GENERATIONS BY THE OWNER OF THE RIGHTS. (84 STAT. 1542, AS AMENDED, 7 U.S.C. 2321 ET SEQ.)

\*[Waived]

COTTON

'Tamcot SP37'

In Lestimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Maut Variety Protection Office to be affixed at the City of washington

this first day of May in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventy-five

Earl & Bat

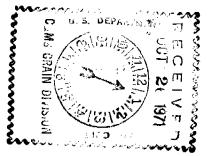
Plant Variety Protection Office

FORM APPROVED OMB NO. 40-R3712

## APPLICATION FOR PLANT VARIETY PROTECTION CERTIFICATE

NSTRUCTIONS: See Reverse.  VARIETY NAME OR TEMPORARY	2. KIND NAME			IAL USE ONLY
DESIGNATION	0-11		PVPO NUMBER	046
Tamcot SP37	Cotton		72	TIME -
3. GENUS AND SPECIES NAME	4. FAMILY NAME (Bo	otanical)	FILING DATE	13 · 30 P.M.
_ A 1.3 T	Malvaceae 5. DATE OF DETERM	AIN A TION	10/26/7/	CHARGES
Gossypium hirsutum L.	September		\$ 7.50	
C NAME OF ABBLICANT(c)	7. ADDRESS (Street a	nd No. or R.F.D. No.,	City, State, and ZIP	8. TELEPHONE AREA
S. NAME OF APPLICANT(S)	Code)			CODE AND NUMBER
Texas Agricultural Experiment Statbon	Texas A&M University College Station, Texas 77843			713 845-371 713 845+405
9. IF THE NAMED APPLICANT IS NOT A PE	RSON, FORM OF	10. STATE OF INCO	RPORATION	11. DATE OF INCOR-
ORGANIZATION: (Corporation, partnership,	association, etc.)			l l
Land Grant University		Texas		1876
12. Name and mailing address of applic	cant representative(	s), if any, to serve	in this application a	and receive all papers
Dr. J. W. Collier	MA	ILING ADDRES	5S:	
Executive Secretary		Foundation S	Seed Section	. 0-4
Plant Variety Protecti	on	Departmenț (	of Soil & Cro	p scrences
Policy Committee		Texas Agric	ultural Exper	nent station
-		College Sta	tion, Texas	77843
		Variety (See Sect	ion 52. P.L. 91-577)	
13. CHECK BOX BELOW FOR EACH ATTACK  XX 12A. Exhibit A, Origin and Bre  XX 12B. Exhibit B, Botanical Description  XX 12C. Exhibit C, Objective Description  XX 12D. Exhibit D, Data Indicative	eding History of the cription of the Varie	ety	ion 52, P.L. 91-577)	
Exhibit A, Origin and Bre  Exhibit B, Botanical Description  Exhibit C, Objective Description  Exhibit D, Data Indicativ  Exhibit E, Statement of the	eding History of the cription of the Varie cription of the Varie e of Novelty	ty nt's Ownership		
XX 12A. Exhibit A, Origin and Bre XX 12B. Exhibit B, Botanical Desc XX 12C. Exhibit C, Objective Desc XX 12D. Exhibit D, Data Indicativ XX 12E. Exhibit E, Statement of the	eding History of the cription of the Varie cription of the Varie e of Novelty  ne Basis of Applican	ty nt's Ownership	rill be deposited upon	n request before issu-
**X 12A. Exhibit A, Origin and Bre  **X 12B. Exhibit B, Botanical Desc.  **X 12C. Exhibit C, Objective Desc.  **X 12D. Exhibit D, Data Indicativ.  **X 12E. Exhibit E, Statement of the The applicant declares that a viable ance of a certificate and will be repl.	eding History of the cription of the Varie cription of the Varie e of Novelty  ne Basis of Applican	ty nt's Ownership	rill be deposited upon	n request before issu-
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**X 12A. Exhibit A, Origin and Bre  **X 12B. Exhibit B, Botanical Description  **X 12C. Exhibit C, Objective Description  **X 12D. Exhibit D, Data Indicative  **X 12E. Exhibit E, Statement of the  The applicant declares that a viable ance of a certificate and will be replected (See Section 52, P.L. 91-577).  14A. Does the applicant(s) specify that (See Section 83(a), P.L. 91-577)  14B. Does the applicant(s) specify that limited as to number of generation.	eding History of the cription of the Varie cription of the Varie e of Novelty  me Basis of Applicant sample of basic seed enished periodically at seed of this varie (If "Yes," answer at this variety be ons?	ty  ty  d of this variety we in accordance wi  ty be sold by variety we have a sold by variety be sold by variety by variet	rill be deposited upon the such regulations a lety name only as a claps.) XYES No to 14B, how many gereder seed? Three tion, register	n request before issu- is may be applicable. ass of certified seed nerations of production generations red, & certif
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**X** 12A. Exhibit A, Origin and Bre  **X** 12B. Exhibit B, Botanical Desc.  **X** 12C. Exhibit C, Objective Desc.  **X** 12D. Exhibit D, Data Indicative  **X** 12E. Exhibit E, Statement of the  The applicant declares that a viable ance of a certificate and will be repl.  (See Section 52, P.L. 91-577).  14A. Does the applicant(s) specify that (See Section 83(a), P.L. 91-577)  14B. Does the applicant(s) specify that limited as to number of generation.  Applicant is informed that false representations of this uniform, and stable as required in Sec.	eding History of the cription of the Varie cription of the Varie e of Novelty  The Basis of Applicant sample of basic seed lenished periodically at seed of this varie (If "Yes," answer at this variety be cons?  **EXTES No esentation herein carried the carried sexually-reproduced ection 41 and is entited.	ty  ty  ty  d of this variety we in accordance with the sold by variety be sold by variety beyond bree foundat in jeopardize protection to the sold plant variety between the sold protection to the sold plant variety the sold plan	rill be deposited upon th such regulations a ety name only as a clap.) XYES NO to 14B, how many gereder seed? Three cion, register ction and result in perty believes that the result in the second se	n request before issues may be applicable ass of certified seed nerations of producti generations red, & certifienalties.  wariety is distinct, of Section 42 of the

# INSTRUCTIONS



GENERAL: Send an original copy of the application, exhibits and \$50.00 fee to U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Consumer and Marketing Service, Grain Division, Hyattsville, Maryland 20782. Retain one copy for your files. All items on the face of the form are self-explanatory unles noted below.

#### ITEM

- 5 Insert the date the applicant determined that he had a new variety.
- 12a First, give the genealogy, including public and commercial varieties, lines, or clones used, and the breeding method. Second, give the details of subsequent stages of selection and multiplication. Third, indicate the type and frequency of variants during reproduction and multiplication and state how these variants may be identified. Fourth, provide evidence on stability.
- 12b First, give any special characteristics of the seed and of the plant as it passes through the seedling stage, flowering stage and the fruiting stage. Second, describe the mature plant and compare it with a similar commercial variety grown under the same conditions, and indicate the differences.
- 12c A supplemental form will be furnished by the PVPO to describe in detail a variety for each kind of seed.
- 12d Provide complete data indicative of novelty. Seed and plant specimens may be submitted and seeds submitted may be sterile. Where possible, include photographs of plant comparisons, chemical tests, etc.
- 12e Indicate whether applicant is the actual breeder, the employer of the breeder, the owner through purchase or inheritance, etc.

#### Exhibit 12A, Tamcot SP37

The following parents were used in crosses.

- 1. <u>K4808-5(1&2)A</u>
- 2. K4808-5(1&2)D

Parents 1 and 2 were developed in the following manner. In 1950 Dr. R. L. Knight's Gossypium barbadense Sakel strain BAR 4/16 carrying the B<sub>2</sub>B<sub>3</sub> genes for bacterial blight resistance was crossed with E808 (an Empire WR breeding strain obtained from Mr. Barney Hawkins). Four backcrosses were made to E808 and the B<sub>2</sub>B<sub>3</sub> genes were transferred. One breeding strain from this transfer was designated K4808-5(1&2). It was segregating for glabrousness and for pollen color. K4808-5(1&2) was sent to Alabama for evaluation in the 1956 Tallassee Fusarium wiltnematode nursery. Dr. A. L. Smith reported a good level of resistance to wilt-nematodes and made five plant selections designated A,B,C,D and E. These were planted in the greenhouse in 1956-57, inoculated and selected for bacterial blight resistance. The plants from selections A and D were used in crosses.

- 3. <u>CA291A</u>: This was the strain designation for Blightmaster which was developed by Dr. Levon Ray and Mr. Don Jones of the Research and Extension Center at Lubbock. Blightmaster carries the  $B_7$  gene for blight resistance.
- 4. 39-11-20: This was a glandless strain with the gl<sub>1</sub> gl<sub>2</sub> genes that came originally from Mr. Scott McMichael.
- 5. Pay M54-M-105-3: This was a Paymaster strain obtained in 1956 for Mr. Quentin Adams, ACCO Seed Farm, Aiken, Texas.

### Exhibit 12A. Tamcot SP37

- 6. MA56005: This was the Chillicothe Station designation for the  $F_1$  seed of the cross [CA291A x 39-11-20] which was made by Mr. Roy Quinby in 1956.
- 7.  $\underline{62K,BV61}$ : The designation of material developed from the cross [K4808-5(1&2)D x MA56005] which was made in the green-house in 1956-57. It carried the  $B_2B_3B_7$  genes for blight resistance.
- 8.  $\underline{92K,BV63}$ : The designation of material developed from the cross [K4808-5(1&2)A x Pay M54-105-3] which was made in the green-house in 1956-57. It carried the  $B_2B_3$  genes for blight resistance.

During the winter of 1963-64 the  $F_{11}$  of the 62K,BV61 material was grown. Following the K4808-5(1&2)D x [CA291A x 39-11-20] cross, straight selection was practiced. In the process, selection was made five times for blight resistance and twice for seedling disease escape. At the same time, the  $F_8$  of the 92K,BV63 material was grown. Following the K4808-5(1&2)A x Pay M54-M-105-3 cross, straight selection was made six times for blight resistance and once each for Fusarium wilt-nematode resistance and seedling disease escape.

Using greenhouse plants, the cross  $62K(428A) \times 92K(451A)$  was made. Following two selections for blight resistance and one for seedling disease escape the  $F_3$  progeny was 17M,8V65. This progeny was given the strain designation SP21-65,237,T. This was the basic breeding stock from which strains of the SP21 family were selected.

Using the 1963-64 greenhouse grown plants, the cross  $92K(448B) \times 62K$  (427B) was made. Following two selections for blight resistance and one for seedling disease escape, the  $F_3$  progeny was 66N, BV65. This progeny was given the strain designation SP23-65,237,T. This was the basic breeding stock from which strains of the SP23 family were selected.

#### Exhibit 12A, Tamcot SP37

From the same 448B x 427B cross, followed by four selections for blight resistance, one for wilt-nematode resistance and two for seedling disease escape, the  $F_5$  progeny was 49R,BV66. This progeny was given the strain designation SP37-66,237,T. This was the basic breeding stock from which strains of the SP37 family were selected.

The breeding procedure is considered to be delayed convergent improvement followed by straight selection to obtain progressive improvement within a family. The improved strains of a family that are similar are then bulked to form a synthetic variety that represents the family. The adversity-multiple-disease resistance and escape procedures (selecting for seed and seedling cold tolerance, resistance to seed deterioration, earliness and environmental neutrality) are used in strain improvement. The improved strains are bulked for breeder's seed of the variety.

Frequency of variants will be given in exhibit B for the special characteristics of the variety.

The varieties have been quite stable over a three year test period.

See the attached Table 12A-1 for evidence of stability in yielding ability.

#### Exhibit 12A, Tamcot SP37

Table 12A-1. Average yield of cotton varieties and strains for the years 1968-70 illustrating the potential of the Tamcot SP strains for improving the cotton industry in Texas.

Variety types and strains	Average yield of fiber per acre	Percentage of yield measurements above the Texas average			
<del> </del>	lbs.	. %			
Lankart, n=42	436 <u>+</u> 28	74			
Stoneville, n=42	482 <u>+</u> 39	64			
Deltapine, n=42	461 <u>+</u> 37	62			
Lockett, n=42	401 <u>+</u> 26	67			
Paymaster, n=42	418 <u>+</u> 29	64			
Tamcot SP21, n=64	554 <u>+</u> 37	75			
Tamcot SP23, n=61	562 <u>+</u> 37	75			
Tamcot SP37, n=58	590 <u>+</u> 43	76			
1968-70 Texas average	340	· -			

Summary Pedigrees for the SP Families

	SP21-65,237,T Family		SP23-65,237,T Family	J)	SP37-66,237,T Family
428Agh63-4	Gross 1 x	, 451Agh63-4	427Bgh63-4	Cross 2 X	448Bgh63-4
	6			5	
	62K, BV61			92K, BV63	
K4808-5(1&2)D	X	CA291A x 39-11-20 (F <sub>1</sub> )	K4808-5(1&2)A	X	Pay M54-M-105-3

72046

#### Exhibit 12B, Tamcot SP37

Tamcot SP37 has no unusual botanical seed or seedling characteristics. The flower is small in size, the corolla is cream colored and the pollen is yellow. A variant of Tamcot SP37 is about 2 to 3% cream pollen. The pollen for most commercial varieties is cream colored. The leaves are large in size and are hairy. The main stem tends to be weak, it is hairy and tends to remain green the same as Lankart 57 and Stoneville 7A. Type of growth is determinant to intermediate and vegetative branches are rare. The bolls (fruit) are small, round and storm resistant as compared with Lankart 57 which has large, round and storm resistant bolls and Stoneville 7A which has small, oval and open (seed cotton loose in bur) bolls. The mature defoliated plant stands erect, fruiting branches are prominent and the seed cotton is compact in the bur.

#### Exhibit 12C, Tamcot SP37

Tamcot SP37, is the third of three initial varieties developed in the multi-disease resistance and escape program of the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station. It is immune from bacterial blight, has slight tolerance to the Fusarium wilt-root knot nematode complex and Verticillium wilt, resistance to seed deterioration, good cold tolerance for seed germination, escape from seedling disease, escape via earliness and delayed kill from Phymatotrichum root rot and escape from other adversities in production. SP37 has an exceptionally high average yielding ability (Table D1) combined with the above traits along with hairy leaves and stems, a storm resistant boll, fiber length equal to that of the Delta varieties, fiber strength slightly lower than the Delta varieties and a fiber micronaire lower and more desirable than the Delta varieties (Table D2). Tamcot SP37 should be extremely valuable to the cotton growers of the Blacklands, the Central River Valleys, Coastal Plains and the Lower Rio Grande Valley. It should be efficient in narrow-row plantings.

## Attachment 1

Exhibit C, PVPO Number 72046	Variet	y Tamcot SP	<u>37</u>		
20. Diseases					
(0=Not tested, 1=Suscept	ible, 2=Int	ermediate R	esistance,	, 3=Resist	ant
4=Tolerance, 5=Delay-Ki	11 Resistar	ce, 6=Escap	e, 7=Other	c, specify	
Posesses					
1 Verticillium wilt				•	
3 Bacterial blight, give ger	nes if know	$m:  \underline{^{B}2^{B}3^{B}7}$	• •		
Give races for which resi	stan <b>ce is</b> k	nown: 1,2,6	5,7,10,12	& 14	
0 Anthracnose	· ·				
T Fusarium wilt					
Ascochyta blight		i.			
T Rust	•				
1 Root knot nematode					
1 Reniform nematode				·	
5 Phymatotrichum root rot					
6 Seedling disease	•				
O Specific seedling pathoger	ns , '				
Give pathogen:		- 			
3 Seed deterioration					
7 Seed and seedling cold tol	Lerance			-	
Other (Specify)				- 1	•

#### Exhibit D

PVP0:72046

Tamcot SP37

June 20, 1974

Page 1 of 2

Tamcot SP37 is most similar to Stoneville 213 than other Upland varieties in leaf size and shape, plant color, pubescence, boll size and susceptibility to the wilts. Under field conditions, during the period prior to boll opening, it is difficult to distinguish between the two with the exception that; the flowers of 95% of the plants in Tamcot SP37 have yellow pollen and the pollen for Stoneville 213 is cream. Tamcot SP37 has high resistance to seven races of <u>Xanthomonas</u> <u>malvacearum</u> and Stoneville 213 is susceptible to all races. Tamcot SP37 has a measurable level of delay-kill resistance to Phymatotrichum root rot and Stoneville 213 is susceptible. Tamcot SP37 is much earlier and its plant is always shorter than Stoneville 213. The boll of Tamcot SP37 is storm resistant and the boll of Stoneville 213 is open. Tamcot SP37 differs from Stoneville 213 and other varieties in having a measurable level of resistance to seed deterioration and escape from seedling disease. The plants of Stoneville 213 are leafier and tend to have more vegetative branching than Tamcot SP37. Under a short season the yield of Tamcot SP37 tends to be twice that of Stoneville 213 whereas under a long season, in the absence of late season insect damage, the yields tend to be equal.

Averages show relative comparisons of fiber measurements (1973, paired comparison, A&M Plantation, n=4).

	<u>Length</u> 1.14	Strength $(T_1)$	Micronaire
Tamcot SP37	1.14	18.27	4.22
Stoneville 213	1.16	19.25	5.06

The fiber of Tamcot SP37 is lower in strength and micronaire in comparison with Stoneville 213.

Tamcot SP37 differs from Tamcot SP21 in pubescense vs. glabrousness, green stems vs. red stems, susceptibility to the wilts vs. resistance to the wilts, yellow pollen vs. cream pollen and a lower fiber strength than Tamcot SP21.

PVPO:72046 Page 2 of 2

Tamcot SP37 differs from Tamcot SP23 in being less branchy and less leafy, more susceptible to the wilts and a longer but weaker fiber. Tamcot SP37 and Tamcot SP23 have the same degree of pubescense but they differ in pollen color. The boll of Tamcot SP37 is more storm resistant than the boll of Tamcot SP23.

Tamcots SP37, SP21 and SP23 have the same degree of high resistance to seven races of the bacterial blight pathogen. No other United Stated Upland variety approaches this high level of uniform resistance.

#### Exhibit 12E, Tamcot SP37

Tamcot SP37 was developed in the adversity-multiple-disease resistance and escape program of the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station. The original crosses, subsequent crosses and selection cycles were made by Texas Agricultural Experiment Station personnel. L. S. Bird, Professor of Plant Sciences, The Texas Agricultural Experiment Station, directed the genetic improvement program during the entire period. The principle Research Assistants, Professional Associates and Technicians who assisted Dr. Bird, the breeder, were or are employee's of the Texas Agricultural Experiment Station. Some disease resistance performance data were obtained in regional nurseries. Fiber evaluation data were provided by the A.R.S., U. S. Department of Agriculture, Knoxville, Tennessee Laboratory and the Textile Research Center, Texas Tech University, Lubbock, Texas. The principle source of funds in addition to those of the Station were from grants by the Cooperative State Research Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The Texas Agricultural Experiment Station by virtue of employing the principle personnel and providing facilities, direct and indirect cost for the adversity-multiple-disease resistance and escape program is the owner of Tamcot SP37.

FORM GR-470-8 (10-2-72)

3

14. SEEDS:

0 14

1 = CLUSTER 2 = SHORT

13. GOSSYPOL CONDITION:

1 = GLANDLESS

4 = OTHER (Specify)

#### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

EXHIBIT C

GRAIN DIVISION

HYATTSVILLE, MARYLAND 20782 **OBJECTIVE DESCRIPTION OF VARIETY** COTTON (GOSSYPIUM SPP.) INSTRUCTIONS: See Reverse. FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY PVPO NUMBER Texas Agricultural Experiment Station
ADDRESS (Street and No. or R.F.D. No., City, State, and ZIP Code) 72046 VARIETY NAME OR TEMPORARY DESIGNATION System Building College Station, Texas 77843 Tamcot SP37 Place the appropriate number that describes the varietal character of this variety in the boxes below. Place a zero in first box (e.s. 0 8 9 or 0 9 ) when number is either 99 or less or 9 or less. 1. SPECIES: 1 1 = GOSSYPIUM HIRSUTUM 2 = GOSSYPIUM BARBADENSE 2. AREA(S) OF ADAPTION (0 = Not Tested, 1 = Not Adapted, 2 = Adapted): 2 CENTRAL 2 EL PASO AREA 0 EASTERN 0 DELTA HIGH PLAINS 0 0 WESTERN LOW HOT VALLEYS SAN JOAQUIN OTHER (Specify) 3. MATURITY (50% Open Boll): 1 = COKER 310 2 = DELTAPINE 16 3 = STONEVILLE 213 Lз 1 8 NO. OF DAYS EARLIER THAN ..... 4 ≈ PAYMASTER 111 5 = ACALA 1517-70 6 = ACALA SJ-1 Earlier than all 0 0 NO. OF DAYS LATER THAN ..... 8 7 = LANKART 57 8 = OTHER (Specify) <u>7 given</u> 4. PLANT HABIT: 1 = FOLIAGE SPARSE 2 = DENSE 2 1 = SPREADING 2 = INTERMEDIATE 3 = COMPACT 3 = OTHER (Specify) 5. PLANT HEIGHT: 0 CM. SHORTER THAN ..... 1 = COKER 310 2 = DELTAPINE 16 3 = STONEVILLE 213 2 4 = PAYMASTER 111 6 = ACALA SJ-1 5 = ACALA 1517-70 0 6 CM. TALLER THAN .... 8 8 = OTHER (Specify) Lankart 611 6. MAIN STEM: 0 6 NO. OF NUBES ... (from cotyledonary node) CM. TO FIRST NO. OF NODES TO FIRST FRUITING BRANC 1 = LAX 2 = ASCENDING 3 = ERECT 2 12 FRUITING BRANCH 8. LEAF PUBESCENSE: 7. LEAF: 1 = GLABROUS (HAIRS AS SPARSE AS D2 SMOOTH) CM. WIDTH OF 3 = PUBESCENT (STONEVILLE 213) 2 = SMOOTH LEAF (DELTAPINE SMOOTH LEAF) WIDEST LEAVES 4 = HEAVY PUBESCENCE (H, OR H2) 5 = OTHER (Specify) 9. LEAF COLOR: 1 = VIRESCENT YELLOW 3 = DARK GREEN (Acala-442) 3 5 = OTHER (Specify)\_ 10. LEAF TYPE: 1 ] = NORMAL 2 = OKRA 3 = SUPER OKRA 4 = OTHER(Specify)11. FLOWER: 2 1 = NECTARILESS 2 = NECTABLED 1 Petals: 1 = CREAM 2 = YELLOW Pollen: 1 = CREAM 2 = YELLOW 12. FRUITING BRANCH TYPE:

2 1 = DETERMINATE

2 = INDETERMINATE

1 = SPARSE (GREGG 35)

2 Seed Fuzz: 3 = HEAVY (ACALA SJ-1)

1 = NORMAL BUD GOSSYPOL

2 = MODERATE (DPL-16)

4 = OTHER (Specify)

8

2 = HIGH BUD GOSSYPOL

3 = NORMAL

SEED INDEX

(Fuzzy seed basis)

2 = REDUCED GLANDS 3 = NORMAL GLANDS

FORM GR-470-8	(REVERSE)				TAMCOT	5P37	<b>7</b>	72046
15. BOLLS:			-					
2 Locules:	1 = 3-4 2 = 4-5	3 3 NO	, SEEDS PEI	R BOLL	3 6 8	LINT PERCEN	it . 3	7 MM. DIAMETER
3 Pitted:	1 = NONE 2 = FINELY 3 = COURSELY	6 0 6	GRAMS SE	ED COTTO	2	Breadth: 1 = 6 2 = 6		AT BASE AT MIDDLE
2 Type:	1 = STORMPROOF (WE 2 = STORM RESISTAN 3 = OPEN (DELTAPIN	IT (LANKART	57)	3 Shape:	1 = LENGTH 2 = LENGTH 3 = LENGTH	H = WIDTH		
16. BRACTEO	LES:	·						
	] = LENGTH < WIDTH	1 2 = LENG	TH = WIDTH 			2 0 0 10		
1 Teeth:	1 = FINE 2 = CO	URSE	<u> </u>	4leeth:	1 = 3-4 2 = 5 4 = OTHER (Spe			
17. YIELD: Co	ompared to							
0 0 0	PERCENT LESS THA	N	[	2   (	= COKER 310	2 = DELTAPIN	IE 16 3	= STONEVILLE 213 -70
1 9 0	PERCENT MORE THA	AN		)	= ACALA SJ-1		NKART 5	
18. FIBER LEI	NGTH (Complete one or	more of the fo	llowing and g	ive the mea	ns):			
0 5 1	SPAN LENGTH 50%		1 0	6 SPAN	_ENGTH 2.5%		- \ -	U.H.M. LENGTH
	MEAN LENGTH		3	3 STAPL	E LENGTH 32nd	INCHES		
UN	IFORMITY RATIO (MEA	AN/U.H.M.)	43:	8 UNIFO	RMITY INDEX (56	0% SPAN/2.5% S	PAN)	
19. FIBER STR	ENGTH AND ELONGA	TION:			•			
0 8 5	1,000 P.S.I.		0 6	9 ELONG	GATION E			STILOMETER TO
3 9 0	MICRONAIRE READIN	NG	1 1	)	strength(Give ⊇x. Std. Sk		1 8	STILOMETER T
20. DISEASE:	(0 = Not Tested, 1 = 5	usceptible. 2	= Resistant)					
VERTICI WILT			NUM WILT	See at	ROOT KNOT NEMATODE	<u>.</u>		ACTERIAL LIGHT ( <i>Race 1</i> )
BACTER BLIGHT		ASCOC BLIGH			PHYMATOTRI	CHUM	R	HIZOCTONIA
ANTHRA	CNOSE	RUST			OTHER (Spec	ii (y)		
21. INSECT: (	0 = Not Tested, 1 = Su	sceptible, 2 3	Resistant)			•		
0 BOLL W		0 APHIC		0	FLEAHOPPE	R	0 -	EAFWORM
0 FALL A	RMYWORM	0 GRASS	SHOPPER	0	LYGU\$		0 P	INK BOLLWORM
0 STINKE	uig	O THRIF	•	0	CUTWORM		0 s	PIDERMITE
OTHER	(Specify)			<u>.</u>				
procedures f	ES: The following or completing this own, Harry B., and wis. C. F., and H.	form: J.O.Ware,	1958, <u>Cot</u>	ton, McGra	aw-Hill Book (	Company, Inc.	, New Yo	ork.

(2) Lewis, C. F., and H. H. Ramey, Jr., 1971, 1970 Regional Cotton Variety Tests, ARS 34-130, United States Department of Agriculture.

COLORS: Nickerson's or any recognized color fan may be used to determine flower color of the described variety.

1 2<u>4</u>,